IMPORTANT REMINDER: All providers must revalidate the Medical Assistance (MA) enrollment of each service location every 5 years. Providers should log into PROMISe to check the revalidation dates of each service location and submit revalidation applications at least 60 days prior to the revalidation dates. Enrollment (revalidation) applications may be found at: http://www.dhs.pa.gov/provider/promise/enrollmentinformation/S_001994.

PURPOSE:

The purpose of this bulletin is to issue updated handbook pages that include the requirements for prior authorization and the type of information needed to evaluate the medical necessity of prescriptions for Multiple Sclerosis Agents submitted for prior authorization.

SCOPE:

This bulletin applies to all licensed pharmacies and prescribers enrolled in the Medical Assistance (MA) Program and providing services in the fee-for-service delivery system. Providers rendering services in the MA managed care delivery system should address any questions related to Multiple Sclerosis Agents to the appropriate managed care organization.

BACKGROUND:

The Department of Human Services’ (Department) Pharmacy and Therapeutics (P&T) Committee reviews published peer-reviewed clinical literature and makes recommendations relating to the following:

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COMMENTS AND QUESTIONS REGARDING THIS BULLETIN SHOULD BE DIRECTED TO:

The appropriate toll-free number for your provider type

Visit the Office of Medical Assistance Programs Web site at http://www.dhs.pa.gov/provider/healthcaremedicalassistance/index.htm
• Preferred or non-preferred status for new drugs in therapeutic classes already included in the Preferred Drug List (PDL);
• Changes in the status of drugs on the PDL from preferred to non-preferred and non-preferred to preferred;
• New quantity limits;
• Classes of drugs to be added to or deleted from the PDL; and
• New guidelines or revisions to existing guidelines to evaluate the medical necessity of prescriptions submitted for prior authorization.

DISCUSSION:

During the June 21, 2019, meeting, the P&T Committee recommended the following revisions to the guidelines to determine medical necessity of Multiple Sclerosis Agents:

• Addition of guidelines to address diagnosis, prescriber, contraindications, dose, and drug interactions for all Multiple Sclerosis Agents that require prior authorization;
• Addition of guidelines to address two new agents in the Multiple Sclerosis Agents PDL class: Mavenclad (cladribine) and Mayzent (siponimod);
• Revisions to the guidelines specific to Lemtrada (alemtuzumab), Ampyra (dalfampridine), Tecfidera (dimethyl fumarate), Aubagio (teriflunomide), Gilenya (fingolimod), and Ocrevus (ocrelizumab);
• Revisions to the Dose and Duration of Therapy for Lemtrada to allow more than one subsequent treatment course based on revised package labeling.

The revisions to the guidelines to determine medical necessity of Multiple Sclerosis Agents, as recommended by the P&T Committee, were subject to public review and comment and subsequently approved for implementation by the Department.

PROCEDURE:

The procedures for prescribers to request prior authorization of Multiple Sclerosis Agents are located in SECTION I of the Prior Authorization of Pharmaceutical Services Handbook. The Departments will take into account the elements specified in the clinical review guidelines (which are included in the provider handbook pages in the SECTION II chapter related to Multiple Sclerosis Agents) when reviewing the prior authorization request to determine medical necessity.

As set forth in 55 Pa. Code § 1101.67(a), the procedures described in the handbook pages must be followed to ensure appropriate and timely processing of prior authorization requests for drugs that require prior authorization.

ATTACHMENTS:

Prior Authorization of Pharmaceutical Services Handbook - Updated pages
RESOURCES:

Prior Authorization of Pharmaceutical Services Handbook – SECTION I
Pharmacy Prior Authorization General Requirements
http://www.dhs.pa.gov/provider/pharmacyservices/pharmacypriorauthorizationgeneralrequirements/index.htm

Prior Authorization of Pharmaceutical Services Handbook – SECTION II
Pharmacy Prior Authorization Guidelines
I. Requirements for Prior Authorization of Multiple Sclerosis Agents

A. Prescriptions That Require Prior Authorization

Prescriptions for Multiple Sclerosis Agents that meet any of the following conditions must be prior authorized:

1. A non-preferred Multiple Sclerosis Agent. See the Preferred Drug List (PDL) for the list of preferred Multiple Sclerosis Agents at: [https://papdl.com/preferred-drug-list](https://papdl.com/preferred-drug-list).

2. A prescription for Ampyra (dalfampridine), Aubagio (teriflunomide), Gilenya (fingolimod), Tysabri (natalizumab), or Tecfidera (dimethyl fumarate).

3. A Multiple Sclerosis Agent with a prescribed quantity that exceeds the quantity limit. The list of drugs that are subject to quantity limits, with accompanying quantity limits, is available at: [http://www.dhs.pa.gov/provider/pharmacyservices/quantitylimitslist/index.htm](http://www.dhs.pa.gov/provider/pharmacyservices/quantitylimitslist/index.htm).

B. Review of Documentation for Medical Necessity

In evaluating a request for prior authorization of a prescription for a Multiple Sclerosis Agent, the determination of whether the requested prescription is medically necessary will take into account whether the beneficiary:

1. For Tysabri (natalizumab), see the provider handbook pages in the SECTION II chapter related to Tysabri (natalizumab); OR

2. Is being treated for a diagnosis that is indicated in the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved package labeling or a medically accepted indication; AND

3. Is prescribed the Multiple Sclerosis Agent by one of the following:
   a. For Ampyra (dalfampridine), a neurologist or physical medicine and rehabilitation (PM&R) specialist
   b. For all other Multiple Sclerosis Agents, a neurologist;
   AND

4. Does not have a history of a contraindication to the prescribed Multiple Sclerosis Agent; AND

5. Is prescribed a dose that is consistent with the FDA-approved package labeling, nationally recognized compendia, or peer-reviewed medical literature; AND

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(replacing January 28, 2019)
6. Is age-appropriate according to FDA-approved package labeling, nationally recognized compendia, or peer-reviewed literature; **AND**

7. Had all potential drug interactions addressed by the prescriber (such as discontinuation of the interacting drug, dose reduction of the interacting drug, or counseling of the beneficiary of the risks associated with the use of both medications when they interact); **AND**

8. For a non-preferred Multiple Sclerosis Agent, **one** of the following:
   a. Has a history of therapeutic failure, contraindication, or intolerance to the preferred Multiple Sclerosis Agents approved for the beneficiary’s diagnosis,
   b. Has a current prescription (within the past 90 days) for the same non-preferred Multiple Sclerosis Agent,
   c. For Lemtrada (alemtuzumab), has received a previous treatment course at least 12 months prior to the current request,
   d. For Mavenclad (cladribine), has completed an initial treatment course at least 43 weeks prior to the current request;

   **AND**

9. For Lemtrada (alemtuzumab), **all** of the following:
   a. Has documented positive antibodies for varicella zoster virus (VZV), documentation of vaccination for VZV, or a healthcare professional confirmed history of chickenpox,
   b. Did not receive a VZV vaccination in the previous six weeks,
   c. Has documentation of a recent negative purified protein derivative (PPD) test or blood test for tuberculosis;

   **AND**

10. For Ampyra (dalfampridine), has motor dysfunction on a continuous basis that impairs the ability to complete instrumental activities of daily living or activities of daily living; **AND**

11. For Aubagio (teriflunomide), **both** of the following:
   a. Does not have a diagnosis of severe immunodeficiency, bone marrow disease, or severe, uncontrolled infection
   b. Has documentation of a recent negative PPD test or blood test for tuberculosis;

   **AND**

12. For Gilenya (fingolimod), **both** of the following:
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a. Has documented positive antibodies to VZV, documentation of vaccination for VZV, or a healthcare professional confirmed history of chickenpox
b. Did not receive a VZV vaccination in the previous one month;

AND

13. For Ocrevus (ocrelizumab), does not have evidence of significant active infection; AND

14. For Mavenclad (cladribine), both of the following:

   a. Has documentation of recent lymphocyte count within recommended limits according to FDA-approved package labeling before initiating the first treatment course
   b. Has documented positive antibodies to VZV, documentation of vaccination for VZV, or a healthcare professional confirmed history of chickenpox;

AND

15. For Mayzent (siponimod), both of the following:

   a. Has documented positive antibodies to VZV, documentation of vaccination for VZV, or a healthcare professional confirmed history of chickenpox
   b. Has documentation of prescriber consultation with a cardiologist if recommended in the FDA-approved package labeling;

AND

16. If a prescription for a Multiple Sclerosis Agent is for a quantity that exceeds the quantity limit, the determination of whether the prescription is medically necessary will also take into account the guidelines set forth in the Quantity Limits Chapter.

NOTE: If the beneficiary does not meet the clinical review guidelines listed above but, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the beneficiary, the request for prior authorization will be approved.

FOR RENEWALS OF PRIOR AUTHORIZATION FOR MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS AGENTS:
The determination of medical necessity of a request for renewal of a prior authorization for a Multiple Sclerosis Agent that was previously approved will take into account whether the beneficiary:

1. Is prescribed the Multiple Sclerosis Agent by one of the following:

   a. For Ampyra (dalfampridine), a neurologist or PM&R specialist
   b. For all other Multiple Sclerosis Agents, a neurologist;

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(replacing January 28, 2019)
AND

2. Is prescribed a dose that is consistent with FDA-approved package labeling, nationally recognized compendia, or peer-reviewed medical literature; AND

3. Does not have a history of a contraindication to the prescribed Multiple Sclerosis Agent; AND

4. Had all potential drug interactions addressed by the prescriber (such as discontinuation of the interacting drug, dose reduction of the interacting drug, or counseling of the beneficiary of the risks associated with the use of both medications when they interact); AND

5. For Lemtrada (alemtuzumab), all of the following:
   a. Received the previous treatment course at least 12 months prior to the requested treatment course with Lemtrada (alemtuzumab),
   b. Has documented improvement or stabilization of the multiple sclerosis disease course,
   c. Does not have signs of malignancy or autoimmune disorder;
   AND

6. For Ampyra (dalfampridine), has a documented improvement in motor function; AND

7. For Tecfidera (dimethyl fumarate), has documented improvement or stabilization of the multiple sclerosis disease course; AND

8. For Aubagio (teriflunomide), both of the following:
   a. Has documented improvement or stabilization of the multiple sclerosis disease course
   b. Does not have a diagnosis of severe immunodeficiency, bone marrow disease, or severe, uncontrolled infection;
   AND

9. For Gilenya (fingolimod), has documented improvement or stabilization of the multiple sclerosis disease course; AND

10. For Ocrevus (ocrelizumab), both of the following:
   a. One of the following:
      i. Has documented improvement or stabilization of the multiple sclerosis disease...
ii. Based on the prescriber’s professional judgement, continues to benefit from Ocrevus (ocrelizumab)

b. Does not have evidence of significant active infection;

AND

11. For Mavenclad (cladribine), all of the following:

a. Has documented improvement or stabilization of the multiple sclerosis disease course,

b. Has documentation of recent lymphocyte count within recommended limits according to FDA-approved package labeling before initiating the second treatment course,

c. Has not exceeded the recommended total number of treatment courses according to FDA-approved package labeling;

AND

12. For Mayzent (siponimod), both of the following:

a. Has documented improvement or stabilization of the multiple sclerosis disease course

b. Has documentation of prescriber consultation with a cardiologist if recommended in the FDA-approved package labeling;

AND

13. If a prescription for a Multiple Sclerosis Agent is for a quantity that exceeds the quantity limit, the determination of whether the prescription is medically necessary will also take into account the guidelines set forth in the Quantity Limits Chapter.

NOTE: If the beneficiary does not meet the clinical review guidelines listed above but, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the beneficiary, the request for prior authorization will be approved.

C. Clinical Review Process

Prior authorization personnel will review the request for prior authorization and apply the clinical guidelines in Section B. above to assess the medical necessity of a prescription for a Multiple Sclerosis Agent. If the guidelines in Section B. are met, the reviewer will prior authorize the prescription. If the guidelines are not met, the prior authorization request will be referred to a physician reviewer for a medical necessity determination. Such a request for prior authorization will be approved when, in the professional judgment of the physician...
reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the beneficiary.

D. **Dose and Duration of Therapy**

Requests for prior authorization of Multiple Sclerosis Agents will be approved as follows:

1. For Ampyra (dalfampridine) or Aubagio (teriflunomide):
   a. Initial requests will be approved for up to 3 months.
   b. Renewal requests will be approved for up to 6 months.

2. For Lemtrada (alemtuzumab):
   a. Requests for an initial treatment course will be approved for up to 5 days.
   b. Requests for subsequent treatment courses will be approved for up to 3 days.

3. For Mavenclad (cladribine):
   a. The Department will limit authorizations consistent with FDA-approved package labeling.

E. **References:**


