

MEDICAL ASSISTANCE HANDBOOK  
PRIOR AUTHORIZATION OF PHARMACEUTICAL SERVICES

**I. Requirements for Prior Authorization of Angiotensin Modulator Combinations (formerly Angiotensin Modulator/Calcium Channel Blocker (CCB) Combination Drugs)**

A. Prescriptions That Require Prior Authorization

Prescriptions for Angiotensin Modulator Combinations that meet any of the following conditions must be prior authorized:

1. A prescription for a non-preferred Angiotensin Modulator Combination drug. See Preferred Drug List (PDL) for the list of preferred Angiotensin Modulator Combinations at:  
<http://www.dpw.state.pa.us/PartnersProviders/MedicalAssistance/DoingBusiness/MAPharmProg/>
2. A prescription for a preferred Angiotensin Modulator/Combination drug with a prescribed quantity that exceeds the quantity limit. See Quantity Limits for the list of drugs with quantity limits at:  
<http://www.dpw.state.pa.us/PartnersProviders/MedicalAssistance/DoingBusiness/MAPharmProg/003675066.htm>

B. Review of Documentation for Medical Necessity

In evaluating a request for prior authorization of a prescription for a non-preferred Angiotensin Modulator Combination drug, the determination of whether the requested prescription is medically necessary will take into account whether the recipient has a history of therapeutic failure of the preferred Angiotensin Modulator Combination drugs. In addition, if a prescription for a non-preferred Angiotensin Modulator Combination is in a quantity that exceeds the quantity limit, the determination of whether the prescription is medically necessary will also take into account the guidelines set forth in the Quantity Limits Chapter.

C. Clinical Review Process

Prior authorization personnel will review the request for prior authorization and apply the clinical guidelines in Section B. above, to assess the medical necessity of the request for a prescription for an Angiotensin Modulator Combination drug. If the guidelines in Section B are met, the reviewer will prior authorize the prescription. If the guidelines are not met, the prior authorization request will be referred to a physician reviewer for a medical necessity determination. Such a request for prior authorization will be approved when, in the professional judgment of the physician reviewer, the services are medically necessary to meet the medical needs of the recipient.